Sub-Title A, Section 513 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 (QHWRA), establishes two (2) inter-related requirements for implementation by Public Housing Authorities:

1. Economic Deconcentration of public housing developments; and

2. Income Targeting to assure that families in the “extremely low” income category are proportionately represented in public housing and that pockets of poverty are reduced or eliminated.

In order to implement these new requirements, the PHA has promoted these provisions as policies and revised the Admissions and Occupancy Policy and related procedures to comply.

A. Economic Deconcentration

Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policies are revised to include the PHA’s policy of promoting economic deconcentration. Implementation of this program may require the PHA to determine the median income of residents in each development, determine the average income of residents in all developments, compute the Established Income Range (EIR), determine developments outside the EIR, and provide adequate explanations and/or policies as needed to promote economic deconcentration.

Implementation may include one (1) or more of the following options:

- Skipping families on the waiting list based on income;
- Establishing preferences for working families;
- Establish preferences for families in job training programs;
- Establish preferences for families in education or training programs;
- Marketing campaign geared toward targeting income groups for specific developments;
- Additional supportive services;
- Additional amenities for all units;
- Flat rents for developments and unit sizes;
- Different tenant rent percentages per development;
- Different tenant rent percentages per bedroom size;
- Saturday and evening office hours;
- Security deposit waivers;
- Revised transfer policies;
- Site-based waiting lists;
- Mass Media advertising/Public service announcements; and
- Giveaways.
B. Income Targeting

As public housing dwelling units become available for occupancy, responsible PHA employees will offer units to applicants on the waiting list. In accordance with the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998, the PHA encourages occupancy of its developments by a broad range of families with incomes up to 80% of the median income for the jurisdiction in which the PHA operates. Depending on the availability of applicants with proper demographics, at a minimum, 40% of all new admissions to public housing (on an annual basis) may be families with incomes at or below 30% (extremely low-income) of the area median income. The offer of assistance will be made without discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, handicap or familial status.

In order to implement the income-targeting program, the following policy is adopted:

- The PHA may select, based on date and time of application and preferences, two (2) families in the extremely low-income category and two (2) families from the lower/very low-income category alternately until the 40% admission requirement of extremely low-income families is achieved (2 plus 2 policy).

- After the minimum level is reached, all selections may be made based solely on date, time and preferences. Any applicants passed over as a result of implementing this 2 plus 2 policy will retain their place on the waiting list and will be offered a unit in order of their placement on the waiting list.

- To the maximum extent possible, the offers will also be made to affect the PHA’s policy of economic de-concentration.

- The PHA reserves the option, at any time, to reduce the targeting requirement for public housing by no more than 10%, if it increases the target figure for its Section 8 program from the required level of 75% of annual new admissions to no more than 85% of its annual new admissions.